CLASS:--12TH, POLITICAL SCIENCE, REVISION NOTES,

1. Which of the st atements are 'True' about globalisation?

- (a) Globalisation is purely an economic phenomenon.
- (b) Globalisation began in 1991.
- (c) Globalisation is the same thing as westernisation.
- (d) Globalisation is a multi-dimensional phenomenon.

Answer: (d) Globalisation is a multi-dimensional phenomenon.

2. Which of the statements are 'True' about the impact of globalisation?

- (a) Globalisation has been uneven in its impact on states and societies.
- (ib) Globalisation has had a uniform impact on all states and societies.
- (c) The impact of globalisation has been confined to the political sphere.
- (d) Globalisation inevitably results in cultural homogeneity.

Answer: (a) Globalisation has been uneven in its impact on states and societies.

(b) Globalisation inevitably results in cultural homogeneity.

3. Which of the statem ents are 'True' about causes of globalisation?

- (a) Technology is an important cause of globalisation.
- (b) Globalisation is caused by a particular community of people.
- (c) Globalisation originated in the US.
- (d) Economic interdependence alone causes globalisation.

Answer: (a) Technology is an important cause of globalisation.

- (b) It originated in the US.
- 4. Which statements are 'true' about globalisation?

- (a) Globalisation is only about movement of commodities.
- (b) Globalisation does not involve a conflict of values.
- (c) Services are an insignificant part of globalisation.
- (d) Globalisation is about worldwide interconnectedness.

Answer: (b) Globalisation does not involve a conflict of values.

(d) Globalisation is about worldwide interconnectedness.

5. Which of the statements are False about globalisation?

- (a) Advocates of globalisation argue that it will result in greater economic growth.
- (b) Critics of globalisation argue that it will result in greater economic disparity.
- (c) Advocates of globalisation argue that it will result in cultural homogenisa-tion.
- (d) Critics of globalisation argue that it will result in cultural homogenisation.

Answer: The statements

(b) and (d) are false about globalisation.

6. Which among the following statements that describe the nature of Soviet economy is wrong?

- (a) Socialism was the dominant ideology.
- (b) State ownership/control existed over the factors of production.
- (c) People enjoyed economic freedom.
- (d) Every aspect of the economy was planned and contained by the state.

Answer: (c) People enjoyed economic freedom.

7. Arrange the following in chronological order:

- (a) Soviet invasion of Afghanistan
- (b) Fall of the Berlin Wall
- (c) Disintegration of Soviet Union
- (d) Russian Revolution

Answer: I. (d) Russian Revolution (1917)

II. (a) Soviet invasion of Afghanistan (1979)

- III.(b) Fall of the Berlin Wall (Nov 1989) IV. (c)
 Disintegration of Soviet Union
- 8. Which among the following is NOT an outcome of the disintegration of the USSR?
- (a) End of the ideological war between the US and USSR
- (b) Birth of CIS
- (c) Change in the balance of power in the world order
- (d) Crises in the Middle East

Answer: (d) Crises in the Middle East

- 9. Arrange the following in chronological order:
- (a) China's accession to WTO
- (b) Establishment of the EEC
- (c) Establishment of tlr EU
- (d) Birth of ARF

Answer: (b) Establishment of the EEC – 1957

- (c) Establishment of the EU 1992
- (d) Birth of ARF 1994
- (a) China's accession to WTO

10.. The ASEAN WAY:

- (a) Reflects the lifestyle of ASEAN members.
- (b) A form of interaction among ASEAN members that is informal and cooperative.
- (c) The defence policy followed by the ASEAN members.
- (d) The road that connects all the ASEAN members.

Answer: (b) A form of interaction among ASEAN members that is informal and cooperative.

- 11. Who among the following adopted an 'open door' policy?
- (a) China (b) EU
- (c) Japan (d) USA

Answer: (a) China